

United States Patent and Trademark Office



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/628,013	07/25/2003	Daniel Dietzel	3401-138	3993	
7590 08/07/2006			EXAMINER ARAJ, MICHAEL J		
Thomas C. Pontani, Esq.					
Cohen, Pontani, Lieberman & Pavane		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
Suite 1210 551 Fifth Avenue			3733	TATER NOMBER	
New York, NY				DATE MAILED: 08/07/2006	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/628,013	DIETZEL ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Michael J. Araj	3733				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>26 June 2006</u> .						
, _	, 					
,—	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 12-14 and 17-25 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 12-14 and 17-25 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See tion is required if the drawing(s) is objected.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
Attachment(s)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	(PTO 413)				
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 	Paper No(s)/Mail D					

Art Unit: 3733

DETAILED ACTION

The final action mailed on February 23, 2006 has been withdrawn. A non-final action follows below:

Status of Claims

Claims 12-14 and 17-25 are pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 12-15, 19 and 25 are rejected, as understood, under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Abdelgany et al. (U.S. Publication No. 2002/0082604).

Abdelgany et al. disclose a device that includes a first mounting part defining a receiving channel that has a longitudinal axis and the mounting part further defines at least one slot (See Fig. 7C) therethrough at an angle oblique to the longitudinal axis of the receiving channel. The first mounting part defines two intersecting slots in the region of the receiving channel each having an acute but different angles relative to the

Art Unit: 3733

longitudinal axis of the receiving channel, where the second mounting part receivable on the first mounting part has at least one slot arranged. The second mounting part also defines a receiving channel where the first and second mounting parts face each other when second mounting part is received on first mounting part (see Figure 1 below). Abdelgany et al. also discloses that each first and second mounting pars include guide elements positioning the parts relative to each other such that the slots and receiving channels face each other and are arranged congruently. With regard the statement of intended use and other functional statements, they do not impose any structural limitations on the claims distinguishable over Abdelgany et al., which is capable of being used as claimed if one so desires to do so. In re Casey, 152 USPQ 235 (CCPA 1967) and *In re Otto*, 136 USPQ 458, 459 (CCPA 1963). Furthermore, the law of anticipation does not require that the reference "teach" what the subject patent teaches, but rather it is only necessary that the claims under attack "read on" something in the reference. Kalman v. Kimberly Clark Corp., 218 USPQ 781 (CCPA 1983). Furthermore, the manner in which a device is intended to be employed does not differentiate the claimed apparatus from prior art apparatus satisfying the claimed structural limitations. Ex parte Masham, 2 USPQ2d 1647 (1987).

Page 3

Art Unit: 3733

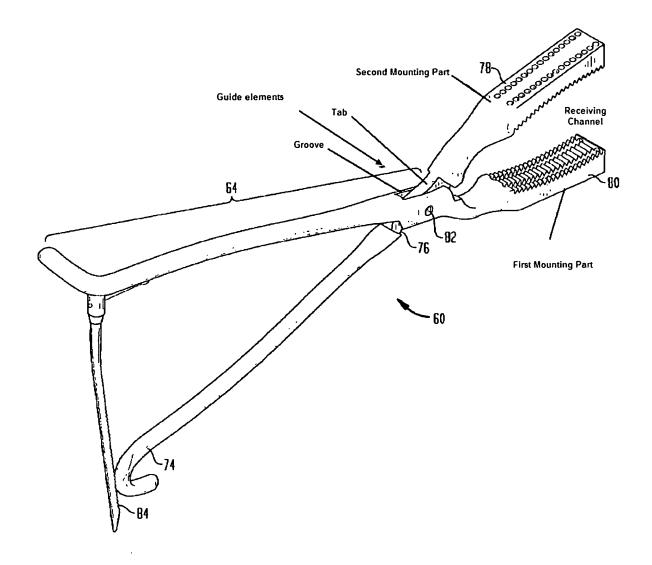


Figure 1

Claims 12, 17 and 21 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Hilburn (U.S. Patent No. 3,596,898).

Hilburn discloses a device that includes a first mounting part (12) defining a receiving channel that has a longitudinal axis and the mounting part further defines at least one slot (27) therethrough at an angle oblique to the longitudinal axis of the receiving channel (see Figure 2 below) having a V-shaped cross section. A second

Art Unit: 3733

mounting part (11)receivable on the first mounting part has at least one slot (26) arranged so as to be congruent to the slot of the first mounting part. The second mounting part also defines a receiving channel where the first and second mounting parts face each other when second mounting part is received on first mounting part. Hilburn also discloses that each first and second mounting pars include guide elements positioning the parts relative to each other such that the slots and receiving channels face each other and are arranged congruently. Said guide elements of said first mounting part comprise of grooves and said guide elements of said second mounting art comprise tabs receivable in said grooves. The tabs and grooves extend in a longitudinal axis that is normal to the longitudinal axis of the receiving channel and normal to the surface on with the receiving channel is defined (see Figure 2 below).

Page 5

Art Unit: 3733

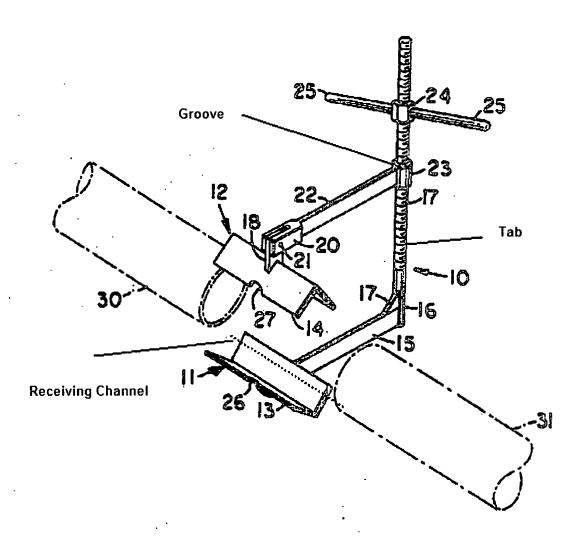


Figure 2

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Art Unit: 3733

Claims 17, 18 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Abdelgany et al. (U.S. Publication No. 2002/0082604).

Abdelgany et al. disclose the claimed invention including the surfaces of the receiving channels being roughened except for the receiving channels of the first and second mounting parts comprising a V-shaped cross section. It would have been an obvious matter of design choice to one skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to construct receiving channels being V-shaped, since applicant has not disclosed that such solve any stated problem or is anything more than one of numerous shapes or configurations a person ordinary skill in the art would find obvious for the purpose of providing a forming edge in the heating portion or clamp. In re Dailey and Eilers, 149 USPQ 47 (1966).

Conclusion

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. See PTO-892 for art cited of interest.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Michael J. Araj whose telephone number is 571-272-5963. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8am-5pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eduardo Robert can be reached on 571-272-4719. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 3733

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

MJA MJA

EDUARDO C. ROBERT